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18 Attorneys for Defendants and Third Party Plaintiffs
19 KNIGHT TRANSPORTATION, INC. AND
20 JOHN TUCKER

1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

2 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

3 KENNETH DEWAYNE WHEATON,

4 Plaintiff,

5 v.

6 JOHN TUCKER, individually; KNIGHT
7 TRANSPORTATION, INC. a Foreign
8 Corporation; DOES I through X, and ROE
9 CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive,

10 Defendant.

11 Case No. 2:16-cv-01220-JAD-NJK
12 [Assigned to District Judge Jennifer A. Dorsey
13 and Magistrate Judge Nancy J. Koppe]

14 **STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER**

15 Action Filed: June 1, 2016
16 Trial Date: Not Set

17 KNIGHT TRANSPORTATION, INC.,

18 Third Party Plaintiff,

19 v.

20 CLARK COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF
21 PUBLIC WORKS, inclusive,

22 Defendant.

1 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

2 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of
 3 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure
 4 and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly,
 5 the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective
 6 Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all
 7 disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and
 8 use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under
 9 the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below,
 10 that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under
Local Rule IA 10-5
 11 seal; ~~Civil Local Rules 10-5, 47-4~~ sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards
 12 that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

13 2. DEFINITIONS

14 2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of
 15 information or items under this Order.

16 2.2 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is
 17 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of
 18 Civil Procedure 26(c).

19 2.3 Counsel: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as their support
 20 staff).

21 2.4 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it
 22 produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

23 2.5 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the
 24 medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things,
 25 testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or
 26 responses to discovery in this matter.

27 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to
 28 the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a

1 consultant in this action.

2 2.7 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House
3 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

4 2.8 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal
5 entity not named as a Party to this action.

6 2.9 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this
7 action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action
8 on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.

9 2.10 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,
10 consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

11 2.11 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery
12 Material in this action.

13 2.12 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services
14 (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and organizing,
15 storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.

16 2.13 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as
17 “CONFIDENTIAL.”

18 2.14 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a
19 Producing Party.

20 3. SCOPE

21 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material
22 (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all
23 copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony,
24 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.
25 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following
26 information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving
27 Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of
28 publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record

1 through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the
 2 disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained the
 3 information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any use of
 4 Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

5 4. **DURATION**

6 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this
 7 Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order
 8 otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and
 9 defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion
 10 and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the
 11 time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

12 5. **DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL**

13 5.1 **Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.** Each Party or
 14 Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to
 15 limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The
 16 Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or
 17 oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents,
 18 items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within
 19 the ambit of this Order.

20 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown
 21 to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily
 22 encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens
 23 on other parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

24 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for
 25 protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other
 26 Parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

27 5.2 **Manner and Timing of Designations.** Except as otherwise provided in this Order
 28 (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,

1 Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so
 2 designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

3 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

4 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but
 5 excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party
 6 affix the legend “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion
 7 or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly
 8 identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

9 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not
 10 designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would
 11 like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made
 12 available for inspection shall be deemed “CONFIDENTIAL.” After the inspecting Party has
 13 identified the documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which
 14 documents, or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the
 15 specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the “CONFIDENTIAL” legend to each page
 16 that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for
 17 protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making
 18 appropriate markings in the margins).

19 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the
 20 Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other
 21 proceeding, all protected testimony.

22 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other
 23 tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or
 24 containers in which the information or item is stored the legend “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a
 25 portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent
 26 practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

27 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to
 28 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s

1 right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a
 2 designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated
 3 in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

4 6. **CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS**

5 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of
 6 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality
 7 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic
 8 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to
 9 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the
 10 original designation is disclosed.

11 6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process
 12 by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis for each
 13 challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written notice must
 14 recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this specific paragraph
 15 of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in good faith and must
 16 begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication
 17 are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In conferring, the Challenging
 18 Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and
 19 must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the
 20 circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen
 21 designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it
 22 has engaged in this meet and confer process first or establishes that the Designating Party is
 23 unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in a timely manner.

24 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court
 25 intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Civil
 26 Local Rule 26-7 for Discovery Motions within 21 days of the initial notice of challenge or within 14
 27 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and confer process will not resolve their dispute,
 28 whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming

1 that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding
 2 paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party to make such a motion including the required
 3 declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if applicable) shall automatically waive the confidentiality
 4 designation for each challenged designation. In addition, the Challenging Party may file a motion
 5 challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for doing so, including a
 6 challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions thereof. Any motion brought
 7 pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the
 8 movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

9 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating
 10 Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose
 11 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions.
 12 Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion
 13 to retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the material in
 14 question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until
 15 the court rules on the challenge.

16 7. **ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

17 7.1 **Basic Principles.** A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or
 18 produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,
 19 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to
 20 the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the litigation has
 21 been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL
 22 DISPOSITION).

23 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a
 24 secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

25 7.2 **Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items.** Unless otherwise ordered
 26 by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any
 27 information or item designated “CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

28 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as employees

1 of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information
 2 for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is
 3 attached hereto as Exhibit A;

4 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving
 5 Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the
 6 "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

7 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is
 8 reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement
 9 to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

10 (d) the court and its personnel;

11 (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and
 12 Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have
 13 signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

14 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably
 15 necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A),
 16 unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed
 17 deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately
 18 bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this
 19 Stipulated Protective Order.

20 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or
 21 other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

22 8. **PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER**
 23 **LITIGATION**

24 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
 25 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that Party
 26 must:

27 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a
 28 copy of the subpoena or court order;

(b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

(c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL” before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

9. A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION

(a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL.” Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

(b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential information, then the Party shall:

(1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

(2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the information requested; and

(3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.

8 | 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

16 11. **INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED**
17 **MATERIAL**

When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to the court.

26 | 12. MISCELLANEOUS

27 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to
28 seek its modification by the court in the future.

1 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order
 2 no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any
 3 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no
 4 Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by
 5 this Protective Order.

6 ~~12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission from the Designating Party or~~
 See order issued concurrently ~~appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the~~
 herewith ~~Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any~~

9 ~~Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may only be filed~~
 10 ~~under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at~~
 11 ~~issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule 79-5, a sealing order will issue only upon a request establishing~~
 12 ~~that the Protected Material at issue is privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise entitled~~
 13 ~~to protection under the law. If a Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal~~
 14 ~~pursuant to Civil Local Rules 10-5 and 47-4 is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may~~
 15 ~~file the information in the public record unless otherwise instructed by the court.~~

16 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

17 Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each
 18 Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material.
 19 As used in this subdivision, “all Protected Material” includes all copies, abstracts, compilations,
 20 summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether
 21 the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written
 22 certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party)
 23 by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material
 24 that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies,
 25 abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the
 26 Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy
 27 of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda,
 28 correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant

1 and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival
2 copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set
3 forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

4 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

5

6 DATED: August 15, 2016

7

/s/ Joel Hengstler

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Joel Hengstler, Esq.

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THE702FIRM

10

Attorneys for Plaintiff KENNETH DEWAYNE
WHEATON

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DATED: August 15, 2016

/s/ Derek H. Lim

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Keith R. Gillette, Esq.

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Derek H. Lim, Esq. (Admitted *Pro Hac Vice*)

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ARCHER NORRIS

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Attorneys for Defendants and Third Party Plaintiffs
KNIGHT TRANSPORTATION, INC. and JOHN
TUCKER

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PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

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DATED: August 15, 2016



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United States ~~District~~ Magistrate Judge

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EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of
_____ [print or type full address], declare under
penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that
was issued by the United States District Court for the District of Nevada in the case of *Kenneth*
Dewayne Wheaton v. John Tucker et al., Case No. 16-cv-01220-JAS-NJK. I agree to comply with
and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and
acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature
of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that
is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with
the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the District of Nevada for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of
_____ [print or type full address and telephone number]
as my Nevada agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related
to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____

Signature: _____